Nova Scotia

Name of legislation	Smoke-free Places Act (amended)
Date in force	• December 1, 2006
Workplaces	 Smoking prohibited in virtually all enclosed workplaces
	 Smoking permitted in DSRs by in-patients or residents of group living facilities (includes long-term care and other residential care facilities)
	 Smoking permitted by registered guests and their invited guests in designated smoking hotel rooms
Restaurants	Smoking prohibited
Casinos, bingos, etc.	Smoking prohibited
Bars	Smoking prohibited
Public places	Smoking prohibited
Outdoor provisions	 Smoking prohibited on all outdoor patios regardless of whether they have a roof
	 Smoking prohibited within 4 metres of licensed outdoor areas, entrances and exits, air intakes and windows of workplaces Smoking prohibited on school grounds
Private motor vehicles	 Smoking prohibited in a motor vehicle with children under the age of 19 present In force April 1st, 2008
Provision for municipalities	Section 16(2) of the Smoke-free Places Act (amended) stipulates that the more restrictive provision prevails
Summary	Legislation provides excellent protection from SHS indoors and out
	 Nova Scotia was the first province to ban smoking in private vehicles with children present This legislation is among the best in Canada

Notes

Nova Scotia (2007) was the first Canadian province/territory to enact smoke-free vehicle with children present legislation. Since that time no fewer than 9 other provinces and territories have followed suit: Yukon Territory (2008), Ontario (2008), British Columbia (2008), New Brunswick (2009), Prince Edward Island (2009), Manitoba (2009), Saskatchewan (2010), Newfoundland and Labrador (2011) and Alberta (2012).